

## HOMWORK ASSIGNMENT NO. 9

DATE: MARCH 16, 2010 DUE: MARCH 30, 2010

- (1) Explain why if

$$a_k k! + a_{k-1}(k-1)! + \cdots + a_2 2! + a_1 1! = 1$$

where each  $a_i$  is an integer with  $0 \leq a_i \leq i$  then  $a_1 = 1$  and  $0 = a_2 = a_3 = a_4 = \dots$

- (2) Give an example each of a function on the set of integers  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  that maps to the set of colors  $\{\text{red}, \text{green}, \text{blue}, \text{yellow}, \text{chartreuse}, \text{magenta}\}$  that satisfies each of the conditions below.
- (a) A function which is neither one-to-one nor onto.
  - (b) A function which is both one-to-one and onto.
  - (c) A function which is one-to-one, but not onto.
  - (d) A function which is onto, but not one-to-one.
- (3) Which of the following functions which map  $\mathbb{R}$  to the set  $\mathbb{R}$  are one-to-one or onto or both or neither?
- (a)  $f_1(x) = x$
  - (b)  $f_2(x) = |x|$
  - (c)  $f_3(x) = x^3 - x$
  - (d)  $f_4(x) = x^3 + x$
  - (e)  $f_5(x) = x^2$
  - (f)  $f_6(x) = 1$