

MATCHING PARTITION GENERATING FUNCTIONS

Match the description of the set of partitions with its generating function. Recall that a *partition* of n is a sum $\lambda_1 + \lambda_2 + \cdots + \lambda_r = n$. The order of the sum doesn't matter so to avoid confusion we assume that $\lambda_1 \geq \lambda_2 \geq \cdots \geq \lambda_r$. The λ_i are called the *parts* of the partition. r here is the number of parts of the partition or the *length* of the partition. The *sizes* of the parts are the values λ_i . The *size* of the partition is the sum of the sizes of all the parts (in this case n). Parts are called *distinct* if they are not equal to each other. The *number of parts of a given size* refers to the number of times that a value appears as a part.

Note: There 17 generating functions and 18 descriptions listed below because two of the descriptions have the same generating function.

- (1) the number of partitions of n
- (2) the number of partitions of n into exactly k parts
- (3) the number of partitions of n with parts of size k only
- (4) the number of partitions of n with parts of size less than or equal to k
- (5) the number of partitions of n with distinct parts
- (6) the number of partitions of n with odd parts
- (7) the number of partitions of n with distinct odd parts
- (8) the number of partitions of n with even parts
- (9) the number of partitions of n with distinct even parts
- (10) the number of partitions of n into parts congruent to 1 or 4 modulo 5
- (11) the number of partitions of n with at most 4 parts of any given size
- (12) the number of partitions of n with (for each i) the number of size i is less than i .
- (13) the number of partitions of n and for each i , if there is a part of size i then it occurs an odd number of times.
- (14) the number of partitions of n and for each i , the parts of size i occur an even number of times.
- (15) the number of partitions of n with only odd parts and the number of parts of any given size is even.
- (16) the number of partitions of n with odd parts and at most 4 parts of any given size
- (17) the number of partitions of n with even parts and at most 4 parts of any given size
- (18) the number of partitions of n with at least one even part

(a)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1 - q^i}$$

(b)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} (1 + q^{2i-1})$$

(c)

$$\prod_{i \geq 0} \frac{1}{(1 - q^{5i+1})(1 - q^{5i+4})}$$

(d)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1 - q^{i^2}}{1 - q^i}$$

(e)

$$\prod_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{1 - q^i}$$

(f)

$$q^k \prod_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{1 - q^i}$$

(g)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} (1 + q^{2i})$$

(h)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1 - q^{10i-5}}{1 - q^{2i-1}}$$

(i)

$$\frac{q^2}{1 - q^2} \prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1 - q^i}$$

(j)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1 - q^{4i-2}}$$

(k)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1 - q^{2i}}$$

(l)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1 - q^{5i}}{1 - q^i}$$

(m)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \left(1 + \frac{q^i}{1 - q^{2i}} \right)$$

(n)

$$\frac{1}{1 - q^k}$$

(o)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1 - q^{2i-1}}$$

(p)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} (1 + q^i)$$

(q)

$$\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1 - q^{10i}}{1 - q^{2i}}$$