

Exercises :

- 1) Calculate $d(2 \cdot 6^n), \sigma(2 \cdot 6^n)$
- 2) Prove $d(p^2 - p)$ - even for any p prime ≥ 3
- 3) Prove $(p+1) \mid \sigma(p^2 + p)$, p - prime
- 4) Prove $\mu(p^2 - p) = -\mu(p-1)$
 p - prime
- 5) Prove
$$\sigma(p^3 + p^2) = (p^2 + p + 1) \sigma(p+1)$$
 p - prime
- 6) Prove $\varphi(p^2 - p) = (p-1) \varphi(p)$
 p - prime
- 7) Prove $d(2^{n+2} - 2^n) = 2(n+1)$
- 8) Prove $2^{n-1} \mid \varphi(4^n + 2^n)$
- 9) Calculate $\sigma(3^n - 3^{n-1})$

$$10) \varphi(p^{n+1} - p^n) = (p^n - p^{n-1}) \varphi(p-1)$$

$$11) d(p^{n+1} + p^n) = (n+1) d(p+1)$$

$$12) \Delta(p^{n+1} + p^n) = \frac{p^{n+1} - 1}{p - 1} \Delta(p+1)$$