P = plain text message Let

C = ciphertext

S = signed message

$$(e_A, N_A)$$
 = Alice's public key

$$(e_B, N_B)$$
 = Bob's public key

$$(d_A, N_A)$$
= Alice's private key

$$(d_R, N_R)$$
 = Bob's private key

Alice wants to send Bob a message. She first performs the following calculations:

$$C \equiv P^{e_B} \pmod{N_B}$$

Encryption of P with Bob's public key.

$$S \equiv C^{d_A} (\operatorname{mod} N_A)$$

 $S \equiv C^{d_A} \pmod{N_A}$ Creates S since only Alice knows her private key (Digital S)

Bob gets the above message (S) and has to do the following:

$$S^{e_A} \equiv \left[C^{d_A} \right]^{e_A} \pmod{N_A}$$

$$S^{e_A} \equiv C(\text{mod } N_A)$$

applies Alice's public key in order to verify signature.

So, $S^{e_A} \equiv P^{e_B} \pmod{N_B}$ Substitutes P for C from equation directly above.

$$\Rightarrow C \equiv P^{e_B} \pmod{N_R}$$

 $\Rightarrow C^{d_B} \equiv P^{e_B \times d_B} (\operatorname{mod} N_B) \equiv P(\operatorname{mod} N_B) \quad \text{Retrieves plain text message from Alice using}$ his own private key.