## MATCHING PARTITION GENERATING FUNCTIONS

Match the description of the set of partitions with its generating function. Recall that a partition of $n$ is a sum $\lambda_{1}+\lambda_{2}+\cdots+\lambda_{r}=n$. The order of the sum doesn't matter so to avoid confusion we assume that $\lambda_{1} \geq \lambda_{2} \geq \cdots \geq \lambda_{r}$. The $\lambda_{i}$ are called the parts of the partition. $r$ here is the number of parts of the partition or the length of the partition. The sizes of the parts are the values $\lambda_{i}$. The size of the partition is the sum of the sizes of all the parts (in this case $n$ ). Parts are called distinct if they are not equal to each other. The number of parts of a given size refers to the number of times that a value appears as a part.

Note: There 17 generating functions and 18 descriptions listed below because two of the descriptions have the same generating function.
(1) the number of partitions of $n$
(2) the number of partitions of $n$ into exactly $k$ parts
(3) the number of partitions of $n$ with parts of size $k$ only
(4) the number of partitions of $n$ with parts of size less than or equal to $k$
(5) the number of partitions of $n$ with distinct parts
(6) the number of partitions of $n$ with odd parts
(7) the number of partitions of $n$ with distinct odd parts
(8) the number of partitions of $n$ with even parts
(9) the number of partitions of $n$ with distinct even parts
(10) the number of partitions of $n$ into parts congruent to 1 or 4 modulo 5
(11) the number of partitions of $n$ with at most 4 parts of any given size
(12) the number of partitions of $n$ with (for each $i$ ) the number of size $i$ is less than $i$.
(13) the number of partitions of $n$ and for each $i$, if there is a part of size $i$ then it occurs an odd number of times.
(14) the number of partitions of $n$ and for each $i$, the parts of size $i$ occur an even number of times.
(15) the number of partitions of $n$ with only odd parts and the number of parts of any given size is even.
(16) the number of partitions of $n$ with odd parts and at most 4 parts of any given size
(17) the number of partitions of $n$ with even parts and at most 4 parts of any given size
(18) the number of partitions of $n$ with at least one even part
(a)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1-x^{i}}
$$

(b)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1}\left(1+x^{2 i-1}\right)
$$

(c)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 0} \frac{1}{\left(1-x^{5 i+1}\right)\left(1-x^{5 i+4}\right)}
$$

(d)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1-x^{i^{2}}}{1-x^{i}}
$$

(e)

$$
\prod_{i=1}^{k} \frac{1}{1-x^{i}}
$$

(f)

$$
x^{k} \prod_{i=1}^{k} \frac{1}{1-x^{i}}
$$

(g)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1}\left(1+x^{2 i}\right)
$$

(h)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1-x^{10 i-5}}{1-x^{2 i-1}}
$$

$$
\frac{x^{2}}{1-x^{2}} \prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1-x^{i}}
$$

(j)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1-x^{4 i-2}}
$$

(k)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1-x^{2 i}}
$$

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1-x^{5 i}}{1-x^{i}}
$$

(m)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1}\left(1+\frac{x^{i}}{1-x^{2 i}}\right)
$$

(n)

$$
\frac{1}{1-x^{k}}
$$

(o)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1}{1-x^{2 i-1}}
$$

(p)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1}\left(1+x^{i}\right)
$$

(q)

$$
\prod_{i \geq 1} \frac{1-x^{10 i}}{1-x^{2 i}}
$$

